## **KEY WORDS AND PHRASES FOR Ability to Produce Type II Toxins**

Alpha, kappa,mu, and epsilon toxin; gas from fermentation

Bordetella tracheal cytotoxin

## Clostridium perfringens

Damaged host cells release damage-associated molecular patterns (DAMPs) that bind to patternrecognition receptors (PRRs) causing the release of inflammatory cytokines.

Exotoxin U, phospholipase C, alkaline protease, cytotoxin, elastase, and pyocyanin

Leukocidin

Pseudomonas aeruginosa

Staphylococcus aureus; Streptococcus pyogenes

Streptolysin S, streptolysin O, proteases, DNases, and streptokinase

Typically phospholipases or pore-forming cytotoxins that disrupt the integrity of eukaryotic cell membranes